ACTION BY COURTS IN THIS STATE, MASSACHU-SETTS AND NEW-JERSEY.

Justice Ingraham, in the Supreme Court, yesterday appointed John I. Waterbury and William E. Strong receivers of the property in this State of the United States Cordage Company, which is the reorganized National Cordage Company. The receivers are required to give a joint bond of \$100,000. Mr. Waterbury and Mr. Strong also were appointed receivers of the property of the company in Massa-chusetts yesterday morning by Judge Colt, in the United States Circuit Court in Boston. On Satur-day in Trenton Chancellor McGill appointed Mr. Waterbury receiver of the company's property in New-Jersey, and Mr. Waterbury has filed the re-quired bond of \$100,000, his bondsmen being John

quired bond of \$100,000, his bondsmen being John Kean and Hamilton F. Kean.

The applications for the appointment of the receivers in the three States were made by E. Rollins Morse, who, in the actions which he has begun, declares that the company has defaulted in the payment of \$10,000 for hemp, and is not able to meet its obligations. In addition to the complaint verified by Mr. Morse, who owns 1,500 shares of stock and five of the mortgage bonds, the affidavits stock and five of the mortgage bonds, the anidavis of Frank K. Sturgis, president, and William C. Lane, vice-president of the company, acknowledging the insolvency, were submitted to the Chancellor. It appears that a bill of \$10,000 for material has fallen due, and that there are no funds to meet it. and that there is no prospect of meeting \$400,000 of interest which falls due on July 1. It is alleged that the working capital of the company, though large, has proved insufficient to carry on its business. The receivership is the result of action taken by the directors at a meeting held on last

The announcement of the receivership yesterday was immediately followed by the announcement that a circular had been issued to the holders of the company's securities by F. K. Sturgis, John I. Waterbury and William Barbour, a committee designated to protect the rights of the security-holders in the proposed reorganization of the company. In the circular the following plan of reorganization of the company. In the circular the following plan of reorganization of the company. pany. In the circular the following plan of reor-

pany. In the circular the following plan of reorganization is submitted:

The issue of \$2,00,000 first-mortgage 6 per cent 50-year gold bonds. The issue of \$3,500,000 of consolidated mortgage 5 per cent 50-year gold bonds, with voting power. These obnds are non-cumulative, but are to receive 5 per cent interest, payable from profits in any year in which a dividend of 2 per cent its paid upon the stock of the company there shall be paid from profits upon such consolidated bonds an amount not to exceed 2½ per cent, provided the unpaid interest in arrears on such bonds shall equal such amount, and, if not, then to the amount of such interest as may be in arrears. Common stock, \$12,00,000. Holders of the present \$1,500,000 of bonds are to receive par in new consolidated bonds. Holders of the present \$1,500,000 of the present \$1,500,000 of the present subscribe at par for new first-mortgage bonds to the amount of \$10 per share, and shall receive \$0 per cent in the common stock. Present common stockholders shall subscribe at par for the new first-mortgage bonds to the amount of \$10 per share, and shall receive \$0 per cent in the common stock of the new company.

Deposits of present stock and securities must be made with the Manhattan Trust Company by June 20. The subscription to the proposed new issue of \$1,000,000 of first-mortgage bonds has been underwritten by a syndicate.

Mr. Waterbury was not in his office yesterday afternoon when reporters went there to make in the following power.

The issue of \$2,000,000 of first-mortgage bonds has been underwritten by a syndicate.

Waterbury was not in his office yesterday | Major Spurgin, treasurer of the Military Academy. afternoon when reporters went there to make in-Mr. Strong declined to make any statement. The corporation for which receivers have been appointed has been in existence two years like service last year. and one mont. It was the successor of the old Cordage Trust, generally known as the National to-day on the steamboat William Eggleston. There Cordage Company, in which three years ago there were several hundred visitors. They marched with-Cordage Company, in which three years ago there was a big speculation that carried the price up nearly to 150. The capital stock of the company was then doubled, and the flower of New-York society and the gamblers of the Street joined in an effort to create another boom in it. The stock paid

effort to create another boom in it. The stock paid dividends practically up to the end, and few were prepared for the announcement of a receivership when it was made on May 2, 1863.

Then the property was reorganized by its banker creditors, those who had loaned money to it to enable it to carry on business. The corporation for which receivers have just been named took charge of the property on January 1, 184, and at that time it was generally understood that among the assets was \$2,000,000, received as assessments from stockholders. This, however, was not in sight on January 1, when interest was due on the bonded debt. The company continued as a heavy borrower from financial institutions, and recent declines in its bonds called attention to the fact that another coupon on the bonds will be due on July 1.

SUNDAY LAW PLEASES THE BARBERS.

THEY THINK, HOWEVER, THAT IT SHOULD APPLY TO OTHER CITIES AS WELL AS TO NEW-

YORK-TO WHOM IT IS DUE. Many barbers of this city were in unusually good shops to close at 1 p. m. on the Sabbath Day. The law, as far as it relates to this city, is generally considered a good one, as it gives the barbers a few hours of much-needed rest on Sundays. The pro-prietors of a few all-night barber shops in the Bowery and in the Tenderioin district, and a few hotel proprietors uptown, oppose it. The owners of some of the big hotels dislike the new law because they are desirous of giving every accommodation to the patrons of their houses. It has often been stipulated in the leases of barber shops in the large hotels that one or more barbers should be kept in the shops all day on Sundays to attend to late arrivals or late risers.

them sympathize with the fraternity in Brooklyn and other cities where the shops are not permitted to open at all on Sunday. The proprietor of the barber shop in the Astor House said yesterday that he considered the new law a gross injustice to the barbers of Brooklyn and other cities. He said that what the shops made on Sunday mornings often paid the rent. As far as the bill related to this city, he thought it was a good one. Another promi-nent boss barber, the proprietor of a large uptown bers' Association, which has its headquarters at Maennerchor Hall, in East Fifty-sixth-st. The mambers of the association had agitated for such a measure a long time previous to the passage of the bill. The bill, as far as it related to New-York, was drawn up by the association and given to a lawyer to take to Albany. In the case of success the lawyer was to receive a certain sum; otherwise he was to have only his expenses paid. Each member of the boss barbers' association was assessed to

ber of the boss barbers' association was assessed to the amount of \$\foatsigned{1}\$ toward the fund. There are over four thousand barber shops, it is said, in this city. The members of the association said there was nothing in the bill relating to Brooklyn or other cities. They thought that the barbers of these places would see to it that there were no discriminations, but this had not been done.

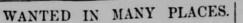
The barbers of Brooklyn, Albany, Buffalo and other cities in the State are up in arms against the bill. They think it a great injustice that they should not be permitted to open their shops at all on Sundays, while the shops in this city and Saratoga can be opened until 1 p. m. The hotel proprietors of the summer resorts throughout the State are also angry over the bill. It was first supposed that the law could be evaded by the barbers shaving the guests in the latters' cottages or rooms. But this, it seems, is impossible.

ask him to provide a passage back to Turkey. Policeman Kennell, who guards the portals of the Mayor's sanctum and prides himself on his ability to speak German and know a German when he sees one, took the Turk for a Teuton and said, "Sprechen sie Deutsch?"

"No," said the man, smiling, "I am a Turk."

The policeman told him that the Mayor was not sending foreigners home, as he would have to pay their passage out of his own pocket.

Delos McCurdy appeared before Judge Dugro, in the Superior Court, yesterday afternoon and asked that the reports of Antonio Rasines, as receiver of the Canal Street Bank, and William J. Lardner, who acted as referee to pass upon the receiver's accounts, be approved. Mr. McCurdy said that the receiver had paid the depositors 90 per cent, and that the remaining 10 per cent would soon be



NUMEROUS CHARGES AGAINST THE POST-OFFICE ROBBERS.

Waiting

bargain?

bargain in

suit you?

Go all over

amine the

patterns and

get prices.

Then come

be astonished

our prices' are

to find how

much lower

superior the

Oriental Rugs

or Mattings-

both at lower

prices than you've known

before.

4 EAST 14 TH STREET,

General Ruggles will remain till the 12th, when he will represent the Secretary of War and deliver

the diplomas to the graduates. He performed a

A large excursion party came up from New-York

and quickly filled every inch of space. The cadets

by the bugle call to muster for cavalry drill. Horses from the cavalry stables fully caparisoned

stood ready for their use on the plain. The young soldiers looked splendidly in their neat-fitting

alry instructor, was in command. As the detachof spurs and clanking of sabres caused the horses

new academic building the crowds of spectators who lined the sidewalk and crowded out into the roadway burst into rounds of applause. The mem-

seen West Pointers ride were amazed.

Captain Parker, after addressing a few words to

the cadets who had previously examined their

NEW YORK.

patterns.

here. You will

town and ex-

How would a

Carpets

THE MEN ARRAIGNED BEFORE COMMISSIONER SHIELDS-MARSHAL M'CARTHY OBJECTS TO THE SHAVING OF THE PRISONERS-IT WILL

MAKE IDENTIFICATION DIFFICULT. Joseph Killoran, Harry Russell, Charles (alias Jerome) Allen and John Moore, who are charged with having robbed the postoffice at Hoboken on December 3, 1894, were arraigned before Commisoner Shields in the Federal Building yesterday. The office was crowded, and there was a mur-mur of surprise from the marshals and the Commissioner when the men were brought into court. Killeran and Allen were arrested together at Onehundred-and-forty-fifth-st, and Amsterdam-ave, on Friday afternoon. They are well-known crooks, whose pictures adorn the rogues' gallery, and when they were brought in Friday afternoon Allen and Killoran were both nicely dressed, having a rather prosperous air. Allen's upper lip was adorned with a blond mustache, and Killoran were a pair of closely cropped side-whiskers.

When the men were brought into court yesterday there was a perfect transformation. Killoran's gray whiskers were gone, and he wore a blue shirt and spectacles. In Allen the change was more marked. He wore a blue-checked jumper, his blond mustache was gone, and he had his hat pulled well down over his eyes, as did Killoran. Russell had also shorn his mustache, and looked as disreputable as the rest. Only Moore seemed to be confident,

and made no attempt to shield himself.

When Commissioner Shields took his seat be called Moore to the stand. "You're the only one I performance, the management asticipate an inin here several days ago you looked quite different from what you do now, and I don't even know if

you are the same men I held."

Moore said that he got out of fail on April 1, and Inspector Jacobs said that he had examined the record and found the statement correct. "This indictment charges you with having broken into the Hoboken Postoffice on December 3, 1894, and as you were in jail then you could not have been

will appear as counsel. The case was then set down for Thursday at H o'clock a. m.

received before the hearing, and the Commissioner held each of the men in \$5.000 ball additional on Acting Chief Detective McClusky admitted yesthis charge. The office was crowded with Central office men and persons who wanted to tientify the men from many places. There have been an in-

men were Robert Pinkerton and a lot of his men, and the Sheriff of Suffolk County, who came from Riverhead, N. Y., where Allen is wanted on an indictment and lench warrant, charging him with breaking into a store and postofiles in that place. Letestive J. J. Suffivan and Chief Humphrey, of Albany, were also here for the New-York Central to get Allen and Bussell, if they could not have been held here. They are wanted for the robbery of the station in Albany, on September 25, the day after the Saraiosa Convention, when they got days with 34.9 in cash that was in the ticket-drawer.

The June Grand Jury was called yesterlay morn-

issued that no one should be allowed to see these men except on orders from the Marshal, and in spite of this, they had been allowed to charge their comes and had been snaven. It was said that Warden Raabe, of the Ludlow Street Jail, who was a barber before he was appointed by Shering Tamsen, and whose father is a barber allowed the latter to shave the men against the positive orders of the Marshal. The Marshal said that it was a shame to have the mon against the positive orders of the Marshal. The Marshal said that it was a shame to have the work of mouths perhaps destroyed by the bungling of the Warden. He said also that had the men not been brought before him prisoners, he would never have recognized them. The disguise was one of the most complete he had ever seen. He would not say just what steps he would take, but he will probably see Sheriff Tamsen about the matter in a short time.

Assistant Postrict Attorney Mott said that it was a pieze of evidence axainst the men that they had been so keen to ever he men that the to prick up their ears, and they snorted and champed impatiently. As the cadets filed past the bers of the Board of Visitors were seated by their tent, which stands on the north side of the Grill grounds, near Fort Clinton. The drill was in the school of the trooper, and those who had never horses and accourrements, gave the command

peated. At 5:5 the exercises ended and the spectators departed, satisfied that they had seen the finest exhibition of horsemanship ever given. The lads returned to their barracks and prepared for the dress parade, which was given at 6:36. The battalion and officer in charge wore white uniforms for the first time this season at dress parade. The Military Academy Band gave a concert tonight at 8 o'clock. The twenty-four musicians were reinforced by sixteen from Conterno's New-York 9th Regiment Band. The authorities are anxious to increase the field music from twenty-four to forty pieces, and it is to show the contrast to the Board of Visitors that the concert was got up. Selections from Sousa, Heroid, Strauss, Bixet and other famous musicians were given. The first rendition was given by twenty-four pieces and the second by the augmented band of forty.

The third class was examined in Spanish to-day, the first class in law and the fourth class in mathematics. The feature to-morrow will be pontoon building.

ket demonstrated a keen desire to buy on the breaks around 7 cents for August. Telegrams 29 White-st., failed yesterday, and made an assign-Texas and Louisiana, and reporting a greater

Texas and Louisiana, and reporting a greater acreage in corn in the latter State than ever before known. It is expected that the receipts this week, for the first time this season, will fall below the corresponding week last year. The Liverpool market will be open to-day.

At an election held yesterday at the New-York Cotton Exchange, the following officers were chosen: President, Reinhard Siedenburg, vice-president, Gustavus C. Hookins; treasurer, Walter T. Miller; managers, Walter C. Hubbard, Meyer H. Lehman, John L. Bullard, Theodore P. Raill, Robert H. Rountree, Robert P. McDougali, S. J. Harding, William Ray, William Mohr, Isaac B. Freeligh, Thomas H. Robinson, W. J. Hochstetter, George Brennecke, William Tubbs and J. T. Gwathmey, trustee of the Gratuity Fund, to serve three years, Robert H. Rountree; Inspectors of election, James W. Moses, Charles Criss and James W. Wenman.

GIFTS FOR JUNE BRIDES.

Intending purchasers of Silver or other Wedding Presents patronizing our establishment are assured of the most reasonable prices consistent with work acceptable to our patrons, and of obtaining goods that cannot be purchased elsewhere, as we never sell to other dealers.

TIFFANY & CO.

UNION SQUARE, NEW YORK.

HIRSCHKOPF STILL MISSING. FEARS THAT HE MAY HAVE BEEN MUR-

DERED. WITNESSES TO BE EXAMINED IN THE INCENDIARY

Adolf Hirschkopf, the leader of the incendiary peared for the prisoners, and asked for an adjourn-ment on account of the illness of Mr. Rose, who torney's office with the secrets of the incendiaries. He feared for his life as a result, and his family An indictment charging the men with having broken into the postoffice in Springfield, Ill., was

RUGGLES AT THE POST.

[INV TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE]

West Point, N. Y., June 3.—The second day of the examinations and military exercises at the academy began with the thermometer climbing toward the nineties. Before noon it registered 25 on the Among those who wanted to get a look at the sibility of any of the proceedings leaking out. The men were Robert Pinkerton and a lot of his men, room was filled with witnesses, some of whom were

had been examined.

The June Grand Jury was called yesterday morn. The identification of Russell came about in a peculiar manner. It appears while he was in the station he flirted with a woman who was there and litted his hat to her. He is almost totally had, and when one of his pictures, taken from the Rognes' Gallers, was shown to the woman in Albany by Detective Sullivan, she at once recognized.

West One-hundrel-and-twenty-sixth-st.; Jacob Freund No. 736 Lexington-ave.; Malcolm Campbell No. 1.442 Madison-ave.; James T. Young, No. 121 West

FAILURE IN THE CLOTHING TRADE.

HENRY VOGEL, A WELL-KNOWN UPTOWN DEALER, ASSIGNS, WITH LIABILITIES OF \$54,600-OTHER BUSINESS COMPLI-CATIONS.

Henry Vogel, dealer in clothing at No. 798 to 802 Third-ave., corner of Forty-ninth-st., and at Nos. by the Government over the greater part of the cotton belt, the quotations on the New-York Cotton Exchange experienced a sharp slump yesterday under a bear raid, August dropping down to 6.29.

At this point, however, buying orders came in such volume from New-Orleans and Wall Street that

Morris Green, giving preferences for \$17,172-to I. Welsherg, \$1,200; Nathonal Paper Bag Company of Bridgeport, Conn., \$12,137, and Jefferson Bag Company, \$3,825. The Sheriff also received an execution against him for \$25 in favor of the Watertown Paper Company. The estimated liabilities are about \$25,000, and nominal assets \$17,000.

The schedules of Alexander Stewart, proprietor of the Stewart House, at Broadway and Forty-first-st, show liabilities \$180,300, net actual assets \$11,300. The public will not be permitted on board to-day, \$12,000, and how the stewart in the stewart will not be permitted on board to-day. The public will not be permitted on board to-day, \$12,000, and nominal assets \$11,300. The public will not be permitted on board to-day. The public will not be permitted on board to-day. The public will not be permitted on board to-day, \$12,000, and nominal assets of \$51,500, consisting of furniture and fixtures, which are covered by a chattel mortgage to W. & J. Sloane, on which there is due \$46,604. These assets are not included in the net assets, but the amount of the chattel mortgage is included in the liabilities.

Seputy-Sheriff Whoriskey yesterilay received an execution against Samuel L. Clemens ("Mark Twain") and Frederick T. Hall, as partners in the firm of Charles L. Webster & Co., for \$5,000 in favor of Thomas Russell & Son, for liming books and on notes of the firm.

MISSION PROPERIT DESTROYED IN CHINA

SUMMER GOWNS.

SOME BLACK AND WHITE COSTUMES.

The liking for black and white costumes does not grow less. Black is combined not only with clear, pure white, which makes such a striking gown on women of brilliant complexion, but it is also combined with cream white and ecru. Some of Black muits and organdles are in special demand, trimmed with black thread lace or point d'esprit A charming gown of black grenadine is made up over cream-white silk, and is trimmed with narrow black thread lace and an ecru batiste, embroldered in medallions. A quaint slashed collar of cream batiste ornaments the throat. The great gigot siceves are finished with a cuff, formed of a square piece of embroidered batiste, in the centre of which a circle has been cut to fit the peculiar shaped frill around the sleeve. The frill is then caught back in miniature godets, to form a flaring cuff around the hand. Narrow, black thread lace is then introduced in lines down the blouse front, and insertions of black lace join the seams of the umbrella skirt. A nine-Inch ruffle, bordered with a black lace insertion and edge,

completes the skirt at the bottom. Picturesque dresses of chiffon-crépon show a sheer black gauze, held in full waves on a black net ground. This soft material is made up over a light taffeta slik, with a wide circular skirt, severely plate, and a plain, round waist, girded with a black satin belt, and finished with jacket fronts, arranged for a variety of vests. The revers ollar is turned back and faced with black satin. A full blouse vest of cream muli and narrow Valenciennes lace, but on in full, lengthwise rows may be worn with the gown, or a white silk vest, striped with half-inch frills of Valenciennes lace or, for less elaborate wear, a vest composed o

gathered instead of pleated, and no special attempt dicted on this mere technicality. The reputations is made to hold them in stin golet form. The bodices of white dimities, dotted muslins and other that they did not intend to mistead or deceive the transparent cottons are generally made over a public, and had no idea that they were committing

STRIKING COMPLEXIONS.

They Are Always Produced from Within and

Not by Outward Application Did you ever stop to think that the delicate nerves and capillary veins of the skin are what cause the complexion? These artistic little members of the body are just what make a good or a bad skin. If you keep them bright, clean and healthy you will have a fine complexion; if you do not, you will be pale, sallow and probably with a dark-colored skin in spite of the paleness.

Do you know the secret of keeping the nerves of the skin and capillary veins in fine shape? There is but one way, and that is by healthful stimulation. This and this alone will do it. But it should be remembered that unhealthful stimulation is not only useless, but injurious. The only absolutely pure medicinal stimulant known is Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey. It gently and healthily quickens the action of the little blood vessels and causes them to glow, and thus impart a health to the face and the entire body. And it is for this reason that it is so popular, You should "emember that other so-called stimulants will not produce this effect, though. A' healthy complexion cannot be made by using anything unhealthy, and so when any druggist or grocer tries to seil you an inferior preparation do not be deceived, but insist upon having the genuine and only reliable one known to

MERCHANTS CALLED TO PLEAD.

SILVERWARE CASES BEFORE JUDGE COWING. Judge Cowing, sitting in Part I of the Court of black and white satin, in even stripes of a quarter of an inch in width; or a touch of color may be given to the gown by a vest of pale mauve, rose-the members of great drygoods houses in this city pink and blue, or periwinkle blue.

Fashion seems to have settled down to the simple wide skirt with the circular side breadth, and three pyramidal breadths at the back. In organdles, batistes and all sheer goods the fulness is generally orable and esteemed firms in New-York had been included on this case technically. The reputations



the cadets who had previously examined their horses and accounterments, gave the command "Prepare to mount?" Instantly, there was a clatter of sabres and the horses dinned around as though eager to begin. The command "Mount?" was soon given a properly identification as to make resonance of the men had been plain, breaking and performing as they went. The speciators stood thrilled by the feats of the cadets. The Board of Visitors smiled its approval, and its members remarked that with such riders to take charge of troops the country was fairly safe. One of the old operatis, who had stood the shock of a dozen cavairy charges, remarked that outside of real war, it was the finest exhibition of a cavairy charges, remarked that outside of the old operatis, who had stood the shock of a dozen cavairy charges, remarked that outside of the old operatis, who had stood the shock of a dozen cavairy charges, remarked that outside of the old operatis, who had stood the shock of a dozen cavairy charges, remarked that outside of the cadets. The Board of Visitors smiled its approval, and its members remarked that outside of the cadets. The Board of Visitors smiled its approval, and its members remarked that outside of the cadets of the cadets. The Board of Visitors smiled its approval, and its members remarked that outside of the cadets of the cadets of the large of the cadets of the large of the cadets. The Board of Visitors smiled its approval, and its members remarked that outside of the cadets of the large of the cadets. The Board of Visitors smiled its approval, and its members remarked that outside of the cadets of the large of the cadets. The Board of Visitors smiled its approval, and its members are marked that outside of the cadets of the large of the fitted iming thoroughly boned to fit the figure. The serves of batiste gowns, and of all goods that have at fifness enough, are often kept unlined, showing the arm through. The cline of the bodice is extended below the waist and the skirt is fastened at the waist over it. A girtle of double-faced satin rib-ten, tied directly in the back in a close strapped bow of several loops, covers the band of the skirt and forms the girdle. The popular width of this ribbon is just three inches. The collar of the holice may be a crush collar of the material of the gown, striped around the threat with hair-inch frills of yellow Valenciennes have, and makened by a small, close-strapped how of skirt of what maken at the lock; or it may be formed of a hand of three-linch ribbon so arranged that it forms a crush collar when the dress is put on. The skirt of white graduation givens be almost invariably a circular skirt, or what may be more properly called a demi-circular skirt for the skirt that forms a complete circle when laid out is difficult to marked that have each subscitute. The heads of the firms, of course, left such matters in charge of their subscitutes, and never suspected that they were violating any sintute whatever by selling silver goods which were below the sterling quality. No one of the firms, of course, left such matters in charge of their subscitutes, and never suspected that they were violating any sintute whatever by selling silver goods which were below the sterling quality. No one of the firms, of course, left such matters in charge of their subscitutes, and never suspected that they were violation of course, left such matters in charge of their subscitutes, and never suspected that they were violation and never suspected that they were violation and never indicate which were indicated on this technical to a course left where incharge of the skirt dame which were below the

> volume from New-Orleans and Wall Street that prices reacted with a bound and closed steady at the top, I to 3 points above Saturday's final figures. August closed at 7.19. The reaction was etimulated just before the close by reports that the floods on the Upper Mississippi and Missouri rivers were sufficient to cause fear of overflows later on in the cotton fields further down. The raily in wheat also had a sympathetic effect on cotton. No great significance, however, could be attached to the fluctuations of the day, except that the market demonstrated a keen desire to buy on the breaks around 7 cents for August. Telegrams 39 White-stream, and make the floating that the first price of the Reformed Low Dutch Church of Harlem and Herman Wronkow. Mr. Voxel has been in active business since 1817, and in the present line for twenty-four years, and two years ago claimed to be worth \$130,000. B. Lewinson, his attorney, said that the liabilities are about \$20,000 is for merchandise, \$42,000 for loans and deposits by friends and members of his family, and \$10,000 to the bank for discounts. The assets are nominally \$20,000, but if sold out will probably realize only half that sum, leaved the followed at the followed have a proper to the Reformed Low Dutch Church of Harlem and Herman Wronkow. Mr. Voxel has been in active business since 1817, and in the present line for twenty-four years, and two years ago claimed to be worth \$130,000. B. Lewinson, his attorney, said that the liabilities are about \$20,000 is for merchandise, \$42,000 for loans and deposits by friends and members of his claimed to the bank for discounts. The charge against Manley was invited to dine with General McDouzall and Carlos d'Heredie at Henry Attwell & Co., importers of linens, at No. Beautiful and the probably realized and probably realized and probably realized at the local took of the fourth of the fourth of the fourth of the recent has a probable to the present line present line present line present line for twenty-four years, and twe years ago assets are nominally \$0.000, but if sold out will probably realize only half that sum.
>
> Henry Attwell & Co., importers of linens, at No. 29 White-st., failed yesterday, and made an assignment to Joseph Hall, giving preferences for \$8,000. The Batthers are Henry Attwell and James R. Whyte. They were formerly in the employ of Halstead, Halnes & Co., and started in business for themselves in 1887, with a claimed capital of \$00,000.
>
> Isaac Gilman at the liabilities are estimated at about \$00,000.

The steamship St. Louis, of the American Line, was visited by fully 2,000 people yesterday, who paid twenty-five cents admittance, and wondered at the charities and the Pilot Benevolent Association. So great was the crowd that Roundsman Gorman, of the Steamboat Squad, with his fourteen men, had a busy time from 9 s. m. to 6 p. m.

The public will not be permitted on board to-day,

Mother Nature, Ever Fruitful

Mother Nature, Ever Fruitful

Robert Ramsa Miss Jessie Scoriily Russell.

Among the Wilhelm II to-G. Ratterson, M

outdoor show at Ambrose Park, South Brooklyn, received a consignment yesterday of 175 Southern legroes, principally from the backwoods plantations of North Carolina. These, added to the 550 negroes already at Ambrose Park, considerably enhance the interest in the entertainment. Some of them are unique characters, and one of them is supposed to be over 10 years old. Among the features to be added to the entertainment is a genuine "Ole Virginny" cakewalk, something different from the fancy cakewalks the people of the North have been accustomed to see. Prizes will be distributed every evening.

A number of plantation melodies are sung at and, as the public understand the character of the and, as the public understand the character of the south of the public understand the character of the south of the solity at Chentral and the character of the south of the solity at Chentral and the character of the solity at that all the missionaries were safe.

CHINGNI TRIED TO KILL HIS FELLOW-PRISONERS IN THE JEFFERSON MARKET PEN.

Ernest Chingni, of No. 1.5% Third-ave., a prisoner in the Jefferson Market Court, went violently insane while in the pen there yesterday morning, and nearly killed several prisoners. He was committed afterward by Justice Taintor to have his sanity examined into by the physicians at Bellevue Hospital. Chingni had not been in the pen more than ten minutes when he turned on the man be done, the door was opened and Chingni was taken out fighting frantically. He was shouting at the top of his voice, and threatening to kill every one. He was at once taken to another part of the building and chained with handcuffs to the bars, where he was left until court opened. The man was finally dregged, fighting and screaming, before Justice Taintor. As soon as he saw the Justice, he made a jump for him, but was restrained by Court Policeman Connelly. Chingni fought all the way back to his cell, and was finally placed in a strait-jacket and sent to the hospital.

The Cromwell Line steamship Louisiana, which are

side, D. J. Craig, Mrs. William Crighton, E. B. Foote, M. J. Gorman, John L. Cassels, W. G. Bailey, the Rev. and Mrs. Alexander P. Gillespie, Mrs. Henderson, Miss Helena Henderson, Miss Sarah Maud Henderson, Captain John McDonald, Miss Grace Sewell, James Munro, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Ramsay, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Sloan, Miss Jessie Sloan, Miss Lizzie W. Sloan and Miss

busy time from 9 c m. to 6 n. m.

The public will not be permitted on board to-day.

Mother Nature, Ever Fruitful

In beneficencies to mankind, has given birth to one which, M. Crawford, Thomas Cadwalader, Mrs. Richard M. Cadwalader, Miss Alice Chittenden, Frederick J. De Bevoise, A. B. De Guerville, Professor S. T.

OFJECTION TO MULQUEEN'S FEE.

THE CHILD'S TEARS NOT IN VAIN. Louis Whittaker, thirty-five years old, of No. 225 East One-hundred-and-fifteenth-st., was a prisoner before Justice Welde in the Harlem Police Court yesterday morning. The charge against him by his wife Anna was drunkenness and disorderly conduct. Policeman Farvey, of the East One-hundred-and-fourth-st. station, who arrested him, took him to court. Whittaker's daughter Jennie, eight part was with her mother and had been been controlled to the court of t years old, was with her mother, and held her

tied in her mind that she must be placed under protection in some way. Unfortunately nothing is

known in the Atlantic Highlands or in the neighbor-

case can be referred. A Miss Edien L. Hopkins was formerly a member of Dr. John Hail's Flifth Avenue Presbyterian Church. It is believed that the Miss Hopkins who is in this unfortunate position is the Miss Edlen L. Hopkins who was formerly a member

of Dr. Hail's church. Any persons desiring any further information on the subject should write to

further information on the subject should write to the Rev. Wilmer McNair, pastor of the Presbyterian Church at Atlantic Highlands. This is a case thor-oughly deserving sympathy and relief. Any relatives or connections of Miss Hoykins who may read this paragraph ought to take immediate measures to help her and ought to communicate without delay with Mr. McNair.

mother's hand while the wife was testifying against the husband.
"What are you going to do with my papa?" exclaimed little Jennie, when the testimony was

"I am going to send him to the Island, where he made no exception to the receiver's report and that it had been approved by \$5 per cent of all the stockholders. About 15 per cent of the stockholders, the lawyer said, objected to the payment of \$3,500, a balance of \$15,600, counsel fee due Michael J. Mulqueen. This fee, Mr. McCurdy said, was not large.

Deputy Attorney-General Clarence W. Francis and that the Attorney-General had no fault to find with the receiver's report.

F. Darrington Sempler, counsel for the dissatisfied stockholders, said that Mulqueen, who is a med stockholders, said that Mulqueen, who is a son-in-law of ex-Mayor Gliroy, had only collected about \$35,000 for the receiver, and claims half of it as a fee.